MEGARA Cryostat advances design Multi Espectrógrafo en GTC de Alta Resolución para Astronomía

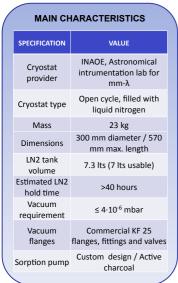
Ferrusca Rodríguez, D.º; Castillo-Domínguez, E. º; Velázquez de la Rosa, M.º; Gallego, J.º; Carrasco E.º; Sánichez, F.M.º; Iglesias, ː/; Vílchez, J.M.º & MEGARA Team ¹INAOE (Puebla, México), ²UCM (Madrid, Spain), ³UPM (Madrid, Spain), ⁴IAA (Granada, Spain

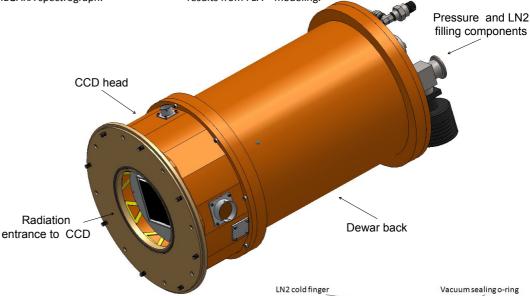
dferrus@inaoep.mx

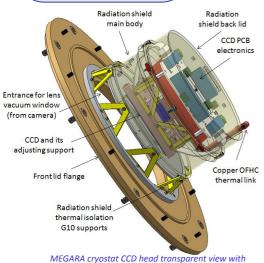
Contombox / 201

We present in this poster the advanced design of the MEGARA cryostat which is a custom made cryogenic device developed at the "Astronomical Instrumentation Lab for Millimeter Wavelengths" at INAOE⁵, Mexico; it will harbor the scientific CCD detector for the MEGARA spectrograph.

The proposed cryostat is an open cycle liquid nitrogen system, which offers flexibility and modular stages that allows easy adjusting for detector mounting. We show the parts involved in the design as well as results from FEA* modeling.







MEGARA cryostat is integrated by five subsystems: CCD head and Dewar back are the cryostat main body components; temperature and pressure systems includes all sensors and associated controllers. Detector & assciated electronics includes the CCD and the in-vacuum electronics to protect the CCD.

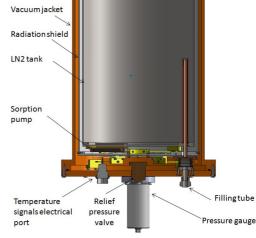
IN-MG-S1-600
Cryostat

IN-MG-S1-610
CCD Head

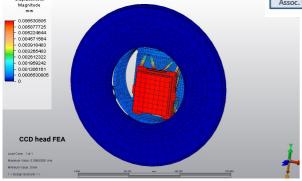
IN-MG-S1-640
Temperature
System

IN-MG-S1-650
Pressure
System

IN-MG-S1-630
Detector and
Assoc. Electr.



main components



MEGARA cryostat dewar back cross section view showing main components

Camera and internal optics

Cryostat assembly

Cronceptual flange support

*Finite element analysis (FEA) has been performed on the CCD head to find maximum displacements of the detector. For the case of an stationary cryostat, as it is the case of MEGARA, the analysis results show that the maximum displacement magnitude is 6 µm.

MEGARA cryostat mounted in support attached to spectrograph camera (cross section view)







